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MCNP6 Fission Cross Section Calculation at Intermediate and High Energies

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2. Fission Cross Section Calculation by CEM and LAQGSM
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5. Summary



Many people participated in development of the Cascade-Exciton Model (CEM) and Los Alamos version of the Quark-Gluon String Model (LAQGSM) over their almost 40-year history.

The current contributors are:

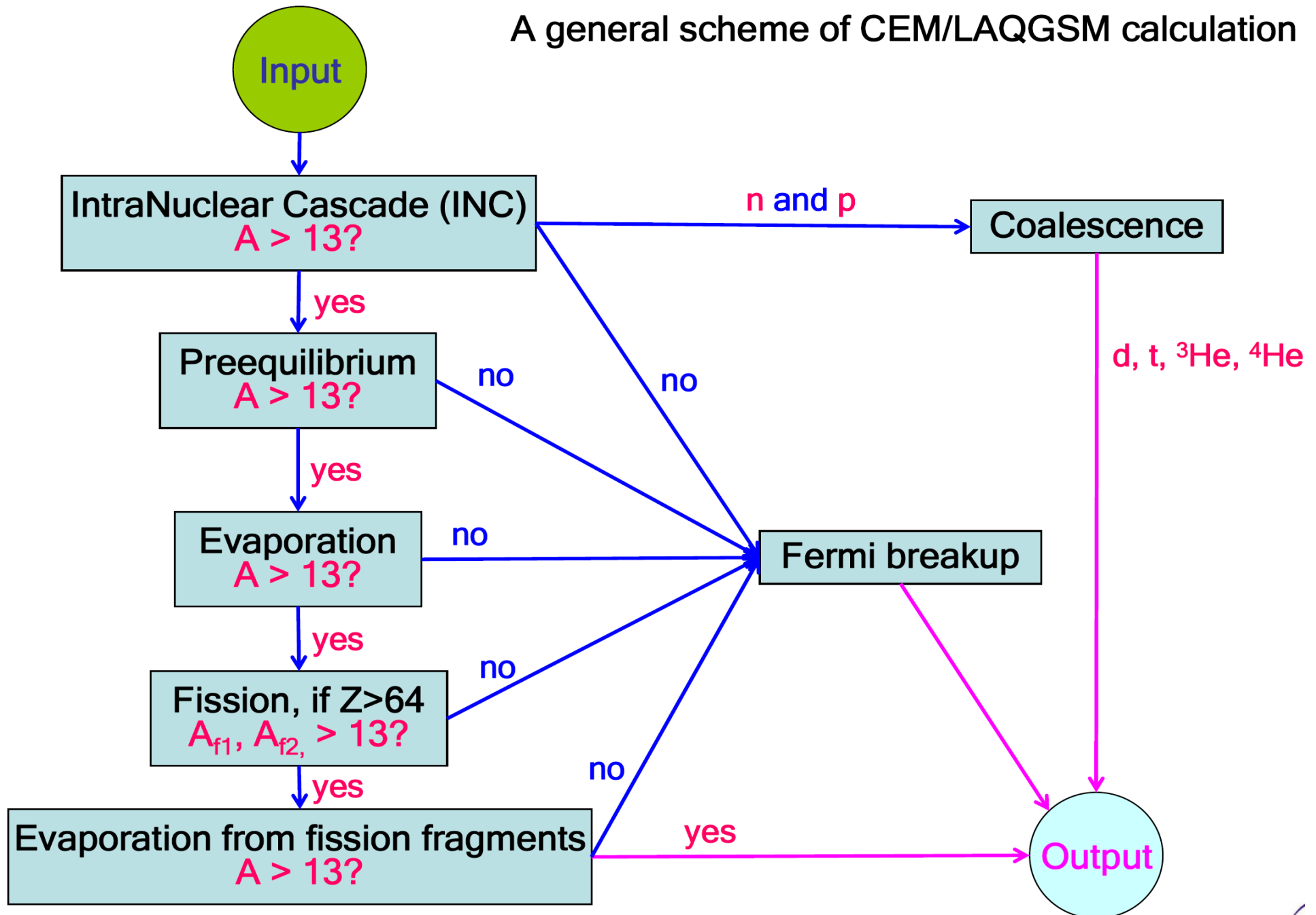
S. G. Mashnik, K. K. Gudima, A. J. Sierk,
M. I. Baznat, R. E. Prael, N. V. Mokhov.

A recent lecture with many references on our work may be found in:

S. G. Mashnik, K. K. Gudima, R. E. Prael, A. J. Sierk, M. I. Baznat, and N. V. Mokhov, *CEM03.03 and LAQGSM03.03 Event Generators for the MCNP6, MCNPX, and MARS15 Transport Codes*, Joint ICTP-IAEA Advanced Workshop on Model Codes for Spallation Reactions, February 4-8, 2008, ICTP, Trieste, Italy, LA-UR-08-2931, Los Alamos (2008), E-print: arXiv:0805.0751.



A general scheme of CEM/LAQGSM calculation



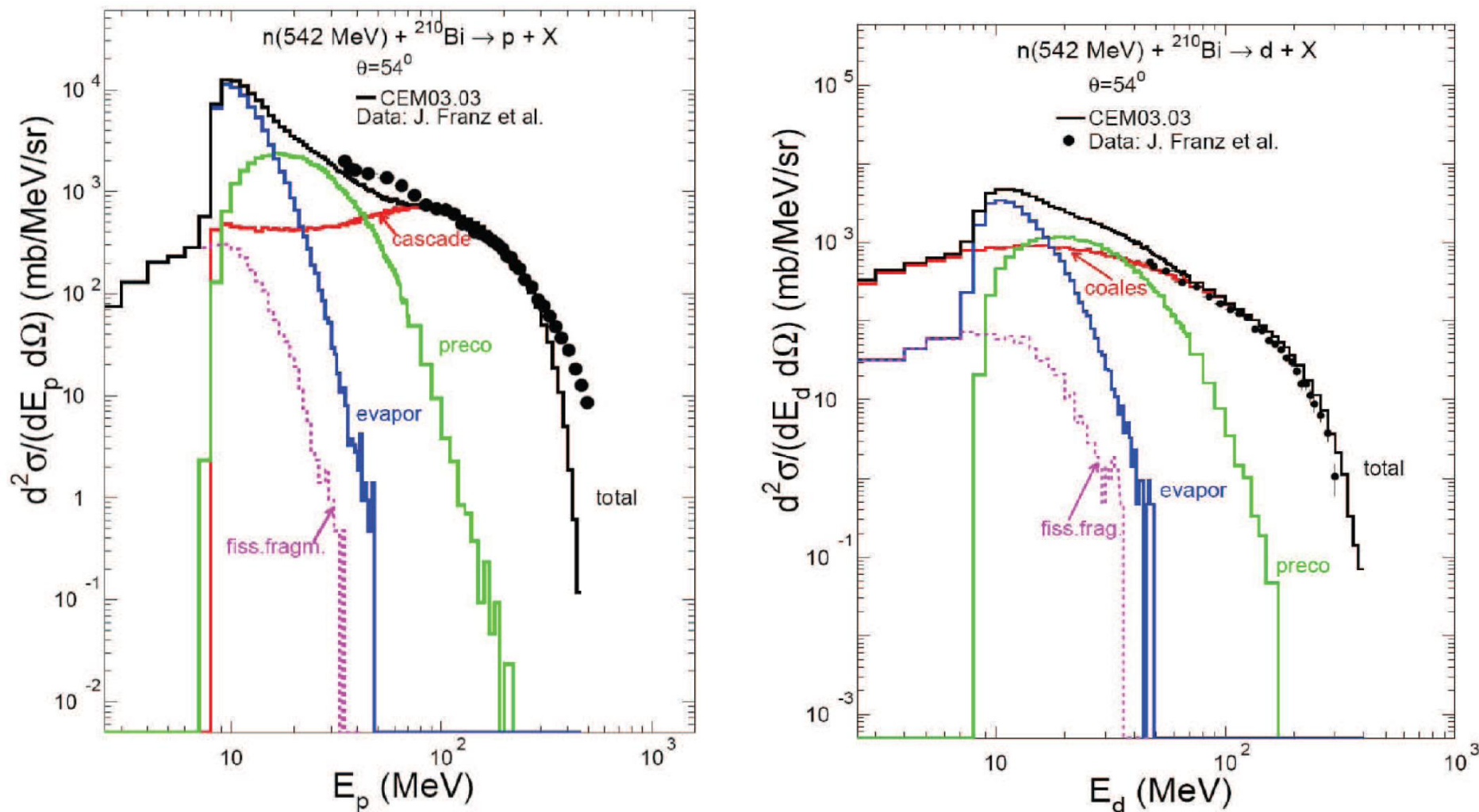


Figure 4: Experimental double-differential spectra of protons and deuterons at 54 degrees from 542 MeV $n + \text{Bi}$ (black circles) [13] compared with our results by CEM03.03 (histograms) presented at the Benchmark [10]. Contributions from intra-nuclear cascade, preequilibrium, evaporation before or without fission, coalescence, and evaporation from fission fragments to the total spectra (black histograms) are shown by different colors, as indicated.



CEM03.03 and LAQGSM03.03 use a modification of GEM2 by S. Furihata (NIM B171 (2000) 252) to calculate fission cross sections and evaporation of particles and light fragments. For $65 < Z < 88$, we have:

$$P_f = \frac{\Gamma_f}{\Gamma_f + \Gamma_n} = \frac{1}{1 + \Gamma_n/\Gamma_f}$$

$$\Gamma_n = 0.352(1.68J_0 + 1.93A_i^{1/3}J_1 + A_i^{2/3}(0.76J_1 - 0.05J_0))$$

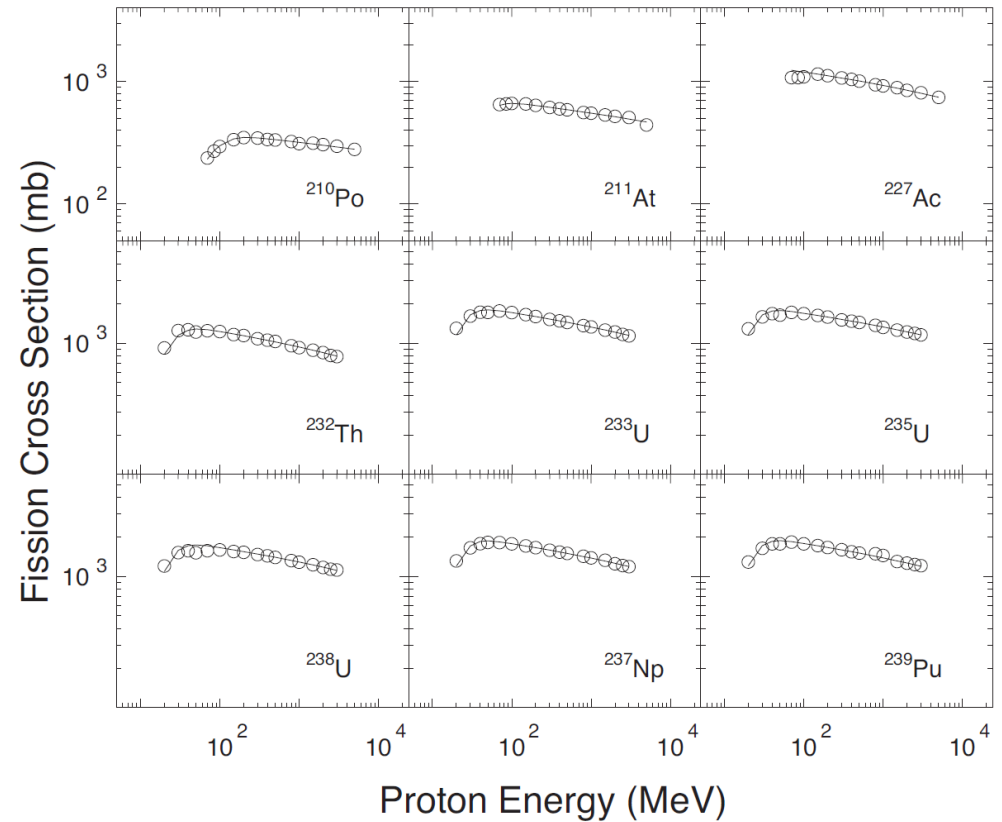
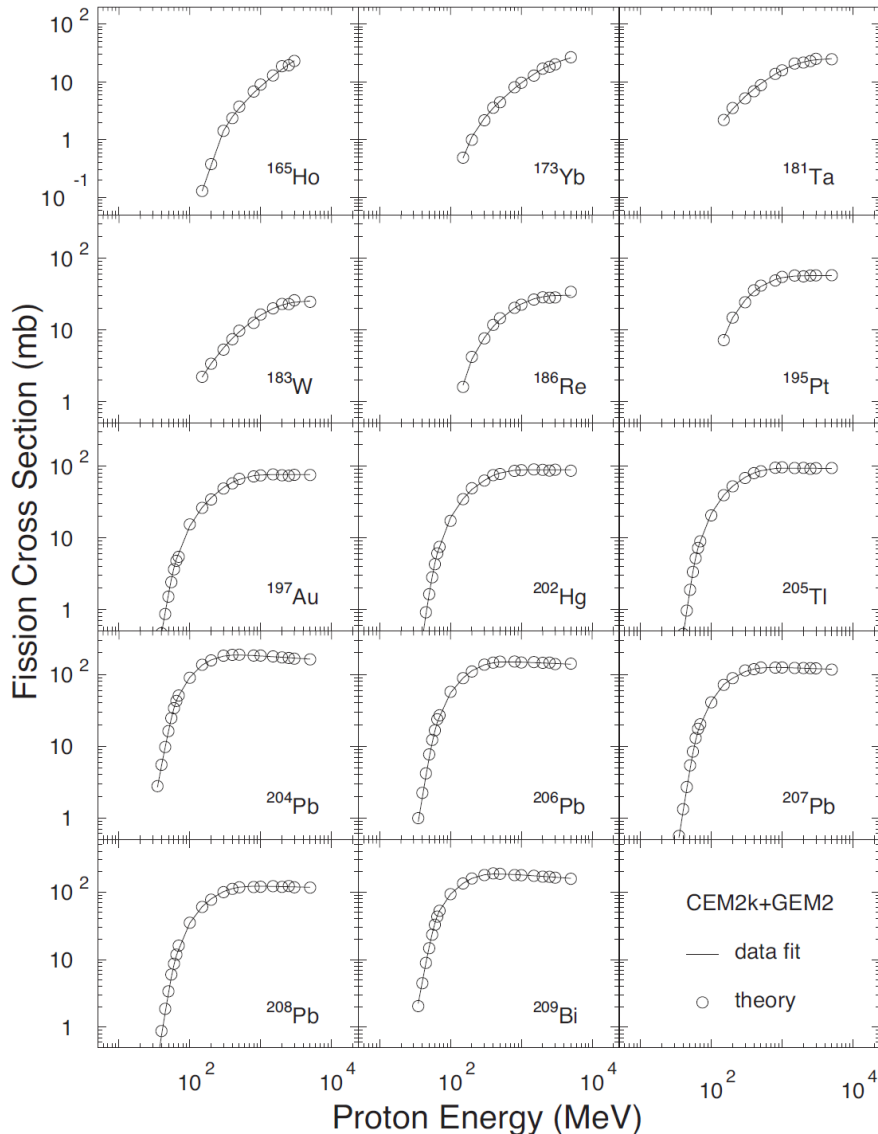
$$\Gamma_f = \frac{(s_f - 1)e^{s_f} + 1}{a_f}$$

$$s_f = 2\sqrt{a_f(E - B_f - \delta)}$$

$$a_f = a_n \left(1.08926 + 0.01098(\chi - 31.08551)^2 \right)$$



After fitting a_f/a_n for CEM and LAQGSM in the modified GEM2
(M. Baznat, K. Gudima, S. Mashnik, Proc. AccApp'03, LA-UR-03-3750;
arXiv:nucl-th/0307014), we got:



This is the reason why we did not test until recently how MCNP6 calculates fission cross sections while using CEM and LAQGSM

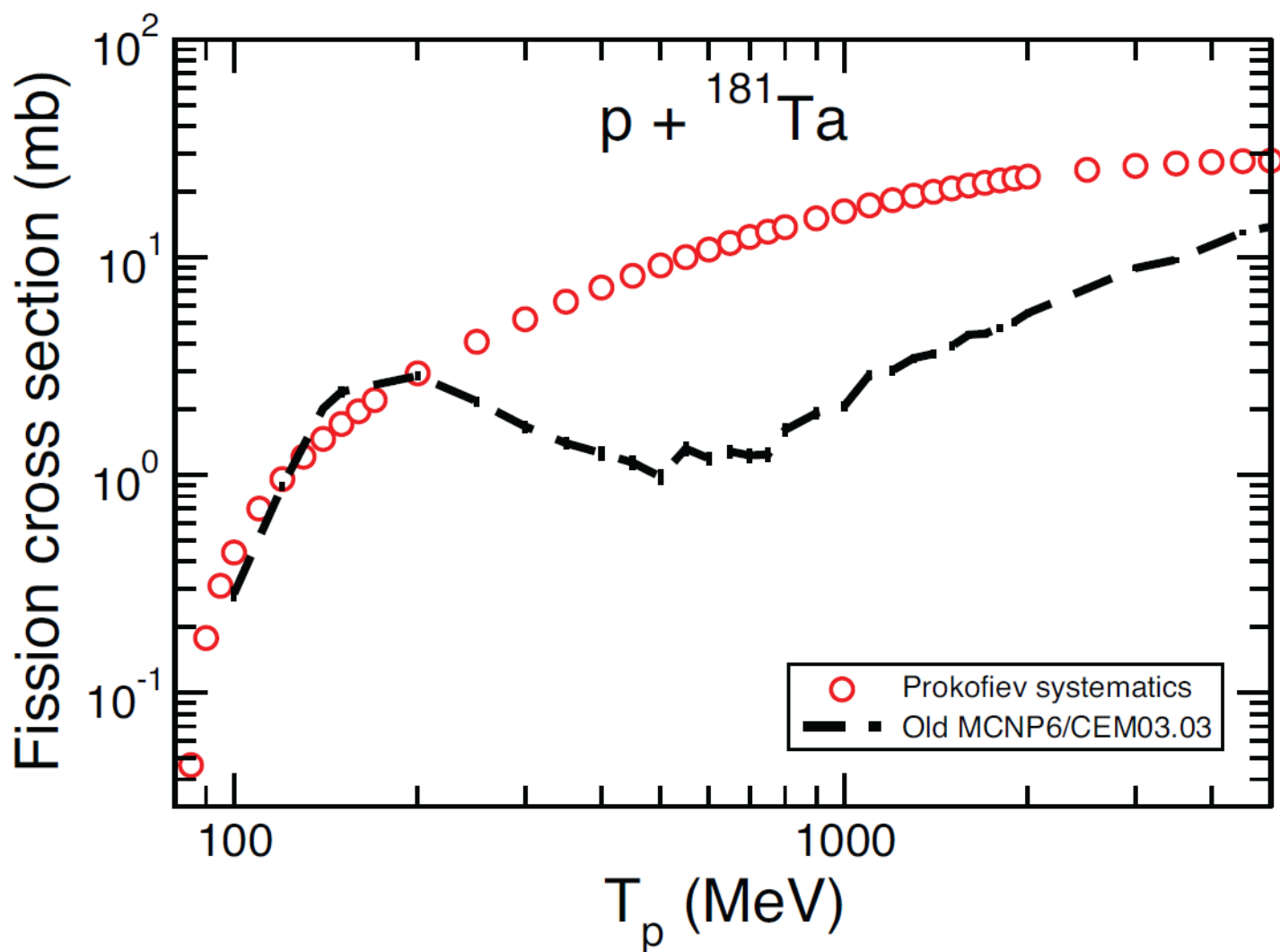


Figure 4: Comparison of Prokofiev systematics [25] of experimental (p,f) cross sections of ${}^{181}\text{Ta}$ nuclei (red circles) with our old MCNP6 calculations (black dashed lines) using the CEM03.03 event generator before we found and fixed the error (see text for details). CEM03.03 used as a stand alone code provides results which practically coincide with those by MCNP6.

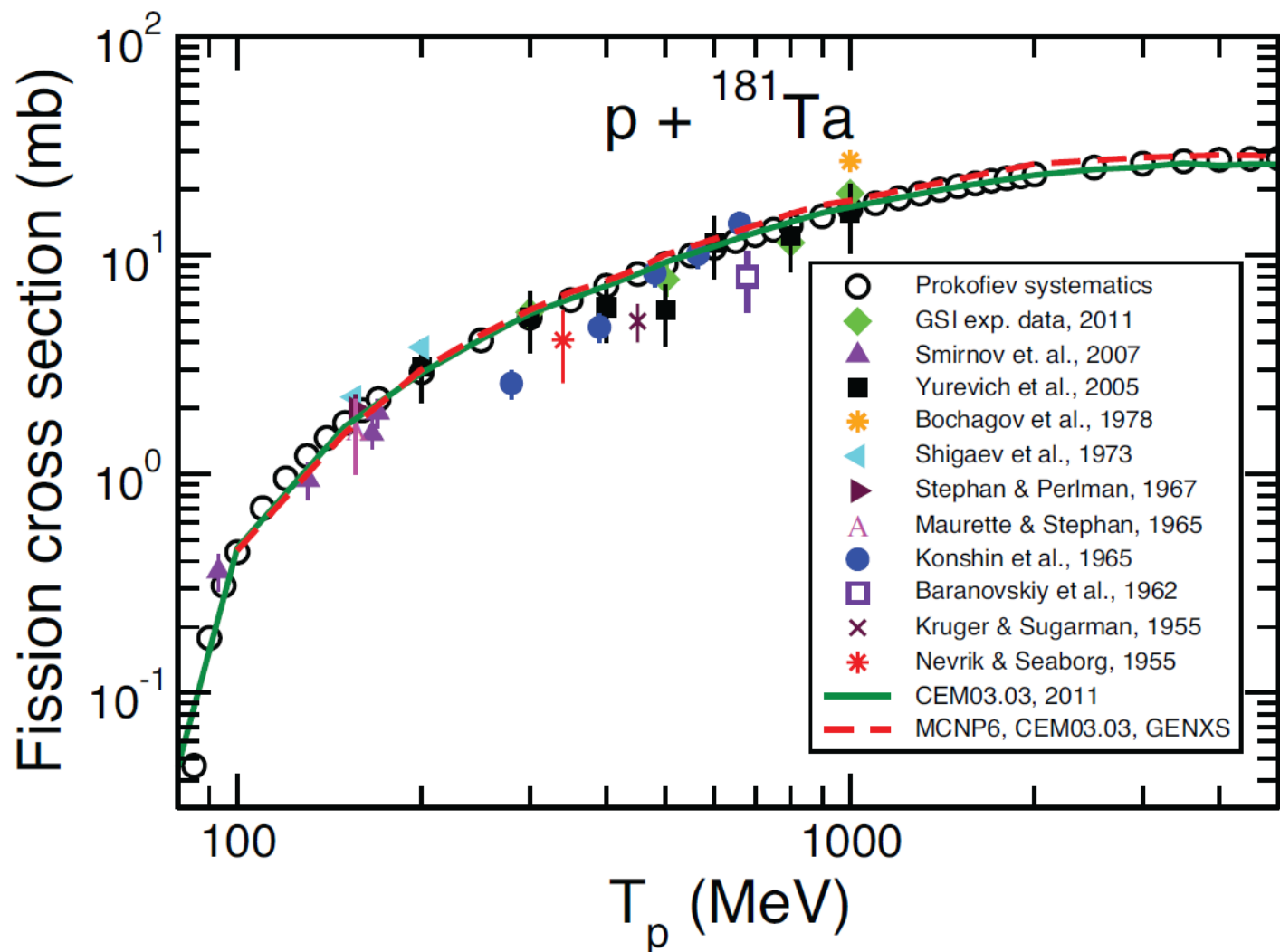


Figure 5: Prokofiev systematics [25] (open circles) and experimental proton-induced fission cross section of ${}^{181}\text{Ta}$ [33]–[43] (symbols) compared with corrected CEM03.03 results and with calculations by the updated MCNP6 using the CEM03.03 event generator (red dashed line), as indicated.



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Verification of high-energy transport codes on the basis of activation data

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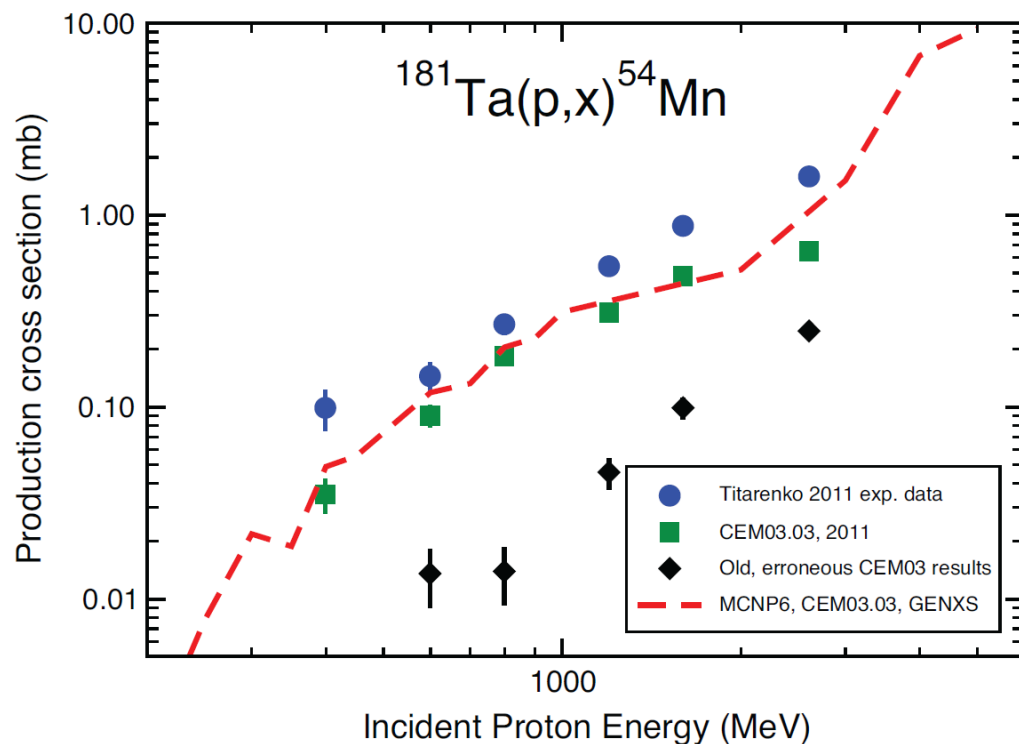
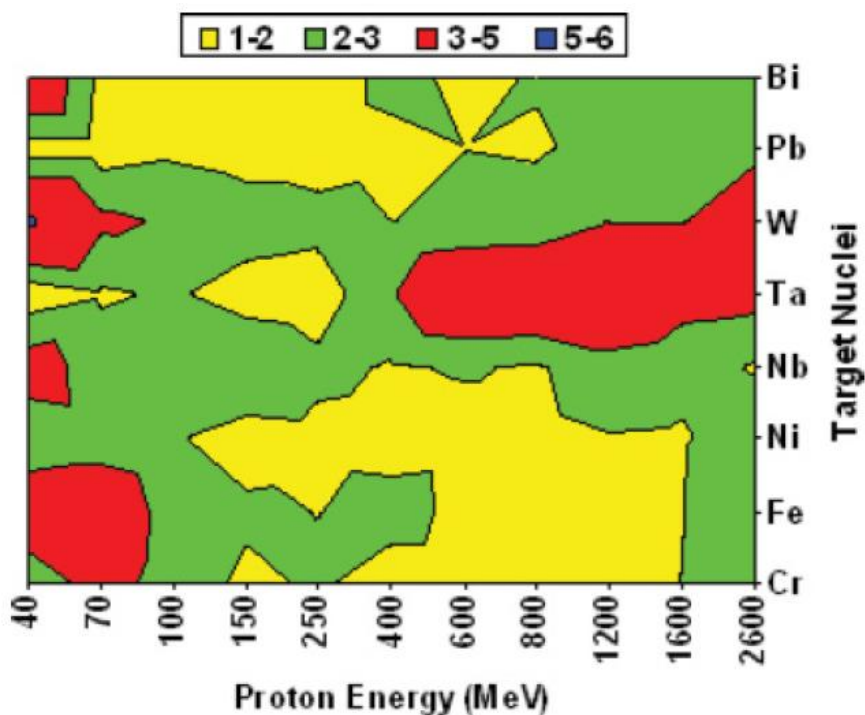
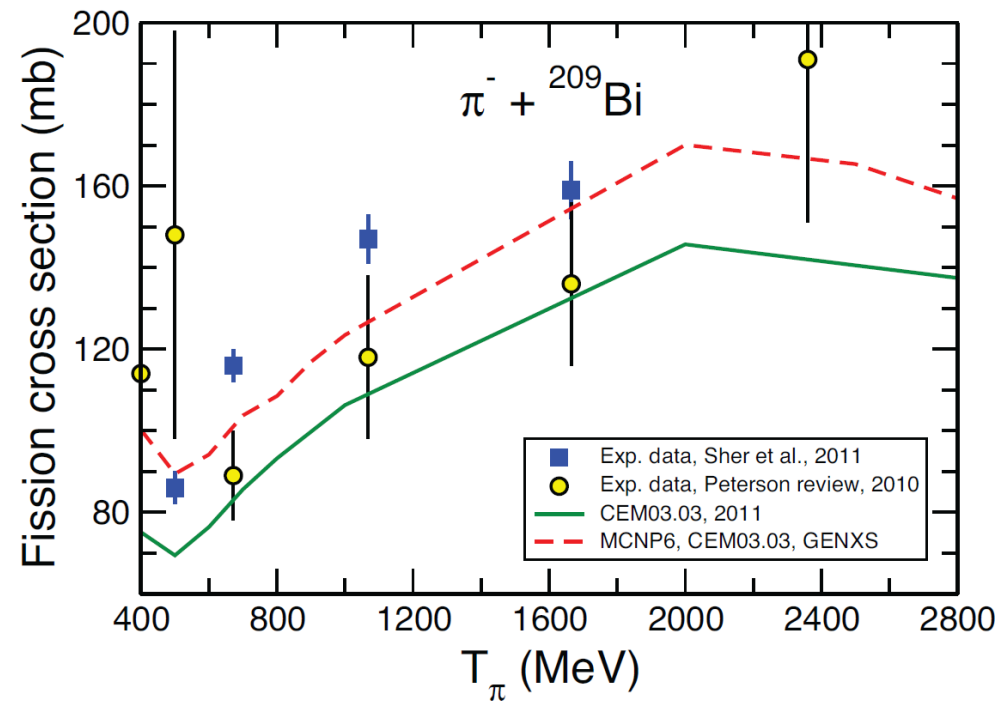
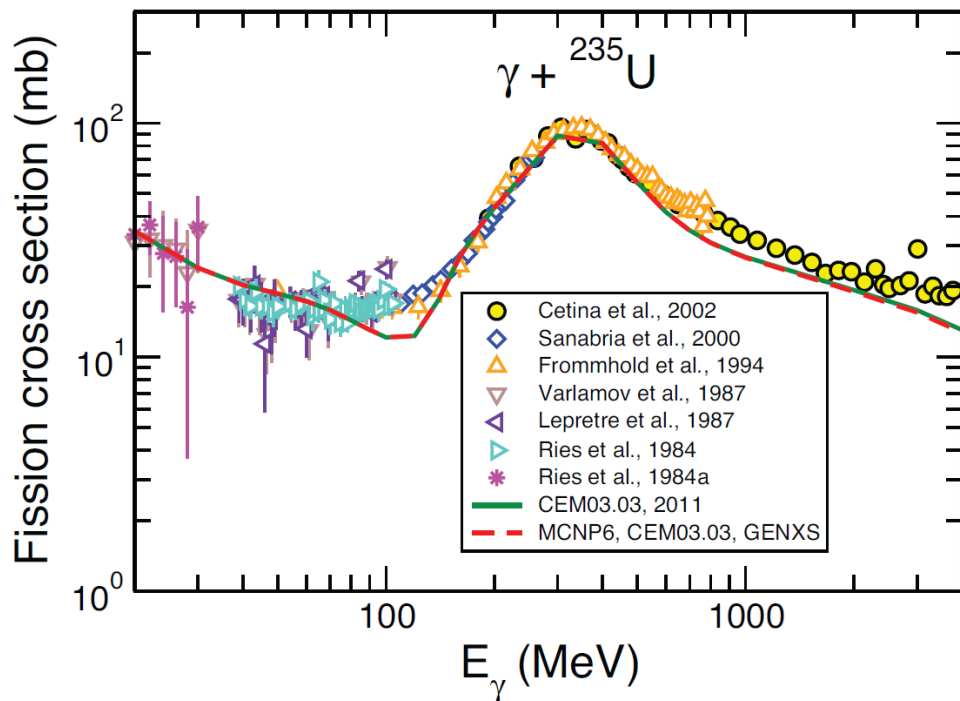
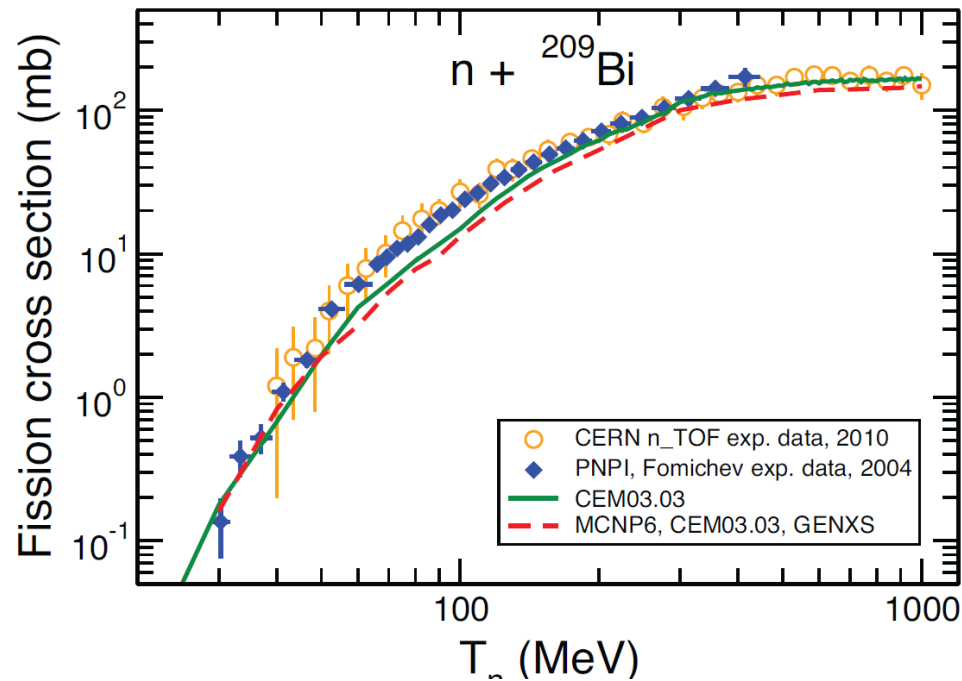
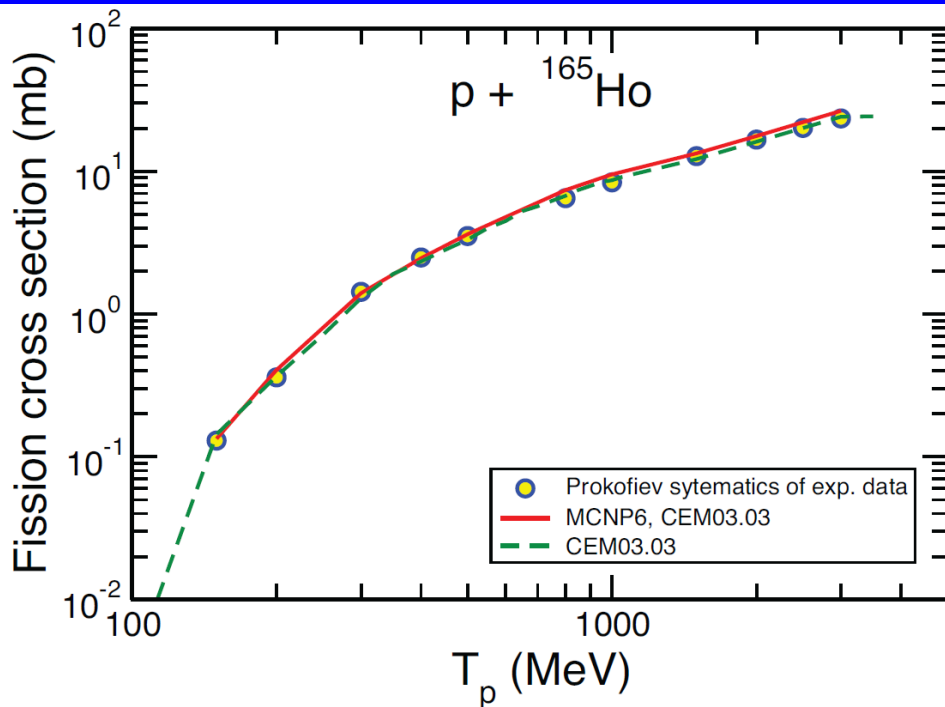
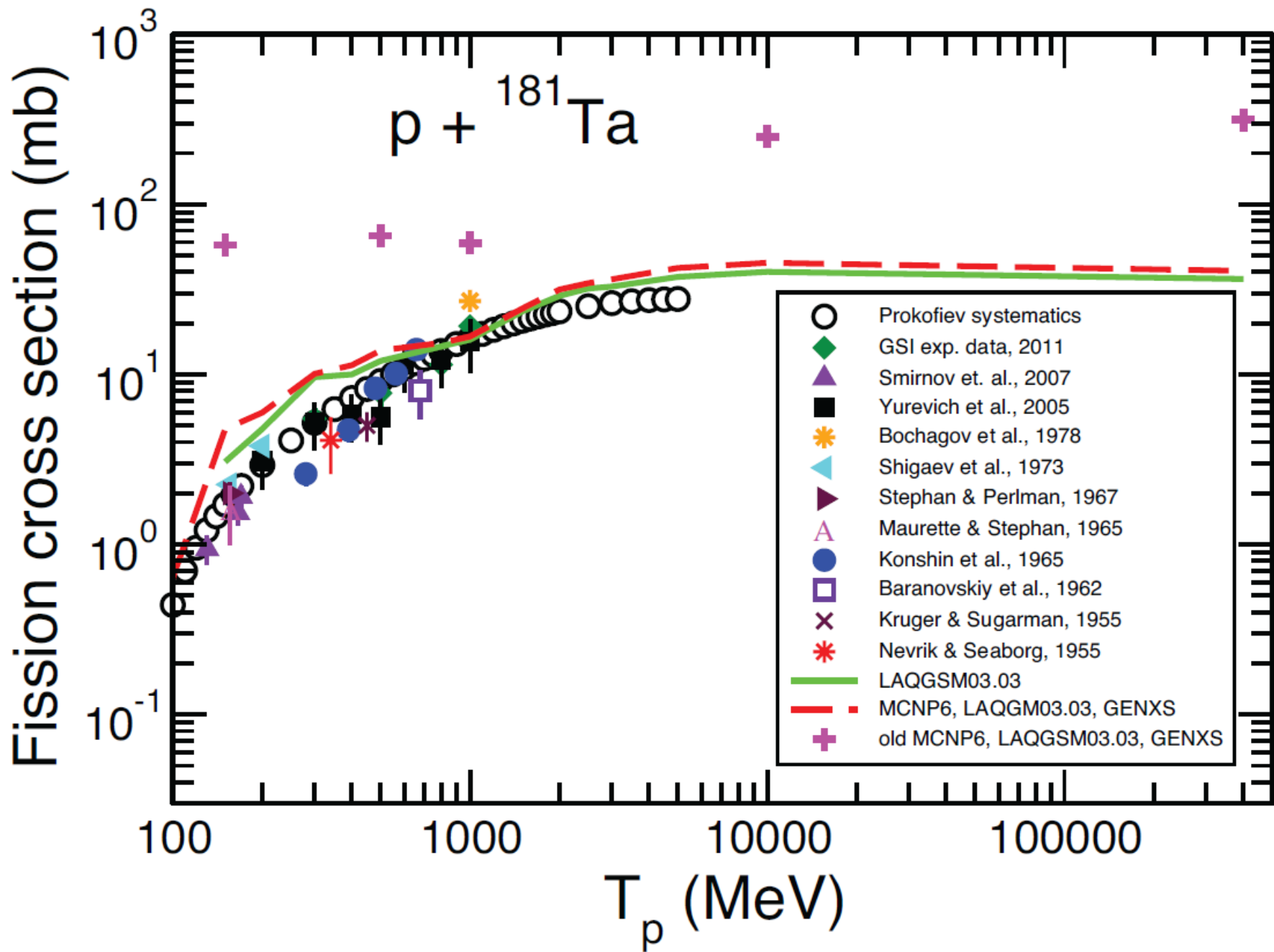


FIG. 14. (Color online) The same as in Fig. 12, but for the CEM03.02 code.







Summary

- MCNP6 has been Validated and Verified (V&V) against intermediate- and high-energy fission-cross-section experimental data.
- A previously unobserved error in the calculation of fission cross sections of ^{181}Ta and other nearby target nuclei by the CEM03.03 event generator in MCNP6 and a technical “bug” in the calculation of fission cross sections with the GENXS option of MCNP6 while using the LAQGSM03.03 event generator were detected during our current V&V work.
- After fixing both these problems, we find that MCNP6 using the CEM03.03 and LAQGSM03.03 event generators calculates fission cross sections in a good agreement with available experimental data for reactions induced by nucleons, pions, and photons on both subactinide and actinide nuclei (from ^{165}Ho to ^{239}Pu) at incident energies from several tens of MeV to about 1 TeV.